## Statistical Computing: Simulating Random Variables

## **Direct Method**

- 1. Simulate 1000 variables using the direct method for
  - (a) The Weibull Distribution (a = 0.5, b = 2) CDF:  $F(x) = 1 e^{-(x/b)^a}$
  - (b) The Logistic Distribution CDF:  $F(x) = (1 + e^{-x})^{-1}$

You must work out and code up the inverse cdf function yourself

2. Do the same using the R functions *rweibull* and *rlogis*. Compare the results to your answer in Question 1 by looking at summary statistics using the *summary* function in R.

## **Indirect** Method

- 1. Use the Accept/Reject algorithm to simulate from the standard lognormal distribution which has density  $f(x) = (2\pi x^2)^{-1/2} e^{-\log(x)^2/2}$ . Issues to think about: What can be used as a proposal? How to select M.
- 2. Use the Accept/Reject algorithm to simulate from a N(0, 1). You can use the function *dnorm*. Try the following proposals.
  - (a) Logistic Distribution (use *rlogis* and *dlogis* functions).
  - (b) Cauchy distribution (use *reauchy* and *deauchy* functions).
  - (c) Student t distribution 5 df (use rt and dt functions).
  - (d) Student t distribution 20 df (use rt and dt functions).
  - (e) A N(1,2) distribution (use *rnorm* and *dnorm* functions)
- 3. For each proposal record the percentage of iterates that are accepted. Which is the best proposal in Question 2? Why?